# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Harris County, Texas

**Independent Auditor's Report, Financial Statements, and Supplementary Information** 

May 31, 2025

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## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors
Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157
Harris County, Texas

## **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 (District), as of and for the year ended May 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of May 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from

error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Houston, Texas October 2, 2025

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities that engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of drainage services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented, on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time but do not include capital assets such as land and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Summary of Net Position**

	2025	2024
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 15,362,531 72,372,329	\$ 14,719,433 73,028,651
Total assets	87,734,860	87,748,084
Deferred outflows of resources	1,150,219	1,243,530
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 88,885,079	\$ 88,991,614
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 91,011,128 969,651	\$ 94,160,083 1,111,582
Total liabilities	91,980,779	95,271,665
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	(17,309,259) 3,453,364 10,760,195	(19,704,459) 3,495,993 9,928,415
Total net position	\$ (3,095,700)	\$ (6,280,051)

The total net position of the District increased by \$3,184,351, or about 51%. The majority of the increase in net position is related to tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **Summary of Changes in Net Position**

	2025	2024
Revenues		
Property taxes	\$ 7,966,128	\$ 7,553,028
Other revenues	1,281,626	1,737,158
Total revenues	9,247,754	9,290,186
Expenses		
Services	2,819,086	2,782,714
Depreciation	797,468	787,939
Debt service	2,446,849	2,803,148
Conveyance of capital assets		19,477,853
Total expenses	6,063,403	25,851,654
Change in net position	3,184,351	(16,561,468)
Net position, beginning of year	(6,280,051)	10,281,417
Net position, end of year	\$ (3,095,700)	\$ (6,280,051)

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended May 31, 2025, were \$14,817,932, an increase of \$798,963 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$844,367 primarily due to property tax revenues and investment and other income exceeding service operating expenditures and a transfer to the debt service fund.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$55,157 primarily due to property tax revenues and investment income, and a transfer from the general fund being less than bond principal and interest requirements, and contracted services expenditures.

The capital projects fund's fund balance increased by \$9,753 primarily due to investment income exceeding capital outlay expenditures.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property tax revenues and investment income, repairs and maintenance expenditures, and capital outlay expenditures being greater than anticipated and other income and regional water fee expenditures being less than anticipated. The fund balance as of May 31, 2025 was expected to be \$10,713,165, and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$10,707,280.

#### Capital Assets and Related Debt

Total additions to capital assets

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

## **Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)**

	2025	2024
Land and improvements Parks and recreation	\$ 64,470,159 7,902,170	\$ 64,470,159 8,558,492
Total capital assets	\$ 72,372,329	\$ 73,028,651
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:  Booster pump Nos. 1, 2, and 3 at irrigation pump station Nos. 1 and 4  Variable frequency drive at irrigation pump station No. 3  Filter controls at irrigation pump station Nos. 1, 2, and 3  A/C unit at irrigation pump station No. 4	\$ 91,693 14,049 21,313 14,091	

141,146

The developer of the District has constructed drainage and recreational facilities on behalf of the District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to purchase these facilities from the proceeds of future bond issues subject to the approval of the Commission. At May 31, 2025, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$22,442,933 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2025 are summarized as follows:

\$ 94,160,083
(3,148,955)
\$ 91,011,128
_

At May 31, 2025, the District had \$193,300,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing, and improving the drainage system within the District and \$175,330,000 for financing and constructing recreational facilities.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "A1" from Moody's Investor's Service. The Series 2015A, Series 2016 refunding, Series 2017, Series 2017B refunding, Series 2018, Series 2018A, Series 2019, Series 2021 refunding, Series 2021A refunding, and Series 2023 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company. The Series 2015 refunding, Series 2016A, Series 2017A, Series 2021B, and Series 2021C bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of

## Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended May 31, 2025

bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Inc. In addition, the Series 2016A, Series 2017A, Series 2021B, and Series 2021C bonds carry an "A1" rating from Moody's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Inc.

#### Other Relevant Factors

#### Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bonded indebtedness) and abolish the District within 90 days.

#### **Contingencies**

Developers of the District are constructing drainage and recreational facilities within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developers for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds of future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission. The District's engineer has stated that current construction contract amounts are approximately \$12,200,000. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet May 31, 2025

	General Fund	 Debt Service Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets	 					
Cash	\$ 664,202	\$ 371,953	\$ 230	\$ 1,036,385	\$ -	\$ 1,036,385
Certificates of deposit	4,560,918	-	-	4,560,918	-	4,560,918
Short-term investments	5,762,615	3,530,838	289,501	9,582,954	-	9,582,954
Property taxes receivable	52,915	85,422	-	138,337	-	138,337
Accrued interest	13,363	-	-	13,363	-	13,363
Due from others	30,574	-	-	30,574	-	30,574
Interfund receivables	56,085	-	-	56,085	(56,085)	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)						
Land and improvements	-	-	-	-	64,470,159	64,470,159
Parks and recreation	 	 	 	 	7,902,170	7,902,170
Total Assets	 11,140,672	 3,988,213	289,731	 15,418,616	72,316,244	87,734,860
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred amount on debt refundings	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	1,150,219	1,150,219
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 11,140,672	\$ 3,988,213	\$ 289,731	\$ 15,418,616	\$ 73,466,463	\$ 88,885,079

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet May 31, 2025

(Continued)

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Liabilities	ф 270.027	ф ос <b>7</b> 00	Ф 222	ф 400 000	œ.	¢ 400.000
Accounts payable	\$ 379,237	\$ 26,703	\$ 322	\$ 406,262	\$ -	\$ 406,262
Accrued interest payable Interfund payables	- 1,240	54,845	-	56,085	563,389 (56,085)	563,389
Long-term liabilities:	1,240	34,043	-	50,065	(50,065)	<del>-</del>
Due within one year	_			_	3,220,000	3,220,000
Due after one year	-	-	-	-	87,791,128	87,791,128
Due aiter one year		· <del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	07,791,120	07,791,120
Total Liabilities	380,477	81,548	322	462,347	91,518,432	91,980,779
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred property tax revenues	52,915	85,422		138,337	(138,337)	
Fund Balances/Net Position Fund balances Restricted						
Unlimited tax bonds	_	3,821,243	-	3,821,243	(3,821,243)	-
Drainage and detention	-	, , , <u>-</u>	284,672	284,672	(284,672)	=
Parks and recreation	3,764,198	-	4,737	3,768,935	(3,768,935)	-
Assigned, future expenditures	578,043	-	-	578,043	(578,043)	-
Unassigned	6,365,039			6,365,039	(6,365,039)	
Total Fund Balances	10,707,280	3,821,243	289,409	14,817,932	(14,817,932)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 11,140,672	\$ 3,988,213	\$ 289,731	\$ 15,418,616	ı	
Net position  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted for debt service  Restricted for capital projects  Unrestricted					(17,309,259) 3,343,276 110,088 10,760,195	(17,309,259) 3,343,276 110,088 10,760,195
Total Net Position					\$ (3,095,700)	\$ (3,095,700)

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended May 31, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues			_			
Property taxes	\$ 3,244,740	\$ 4,758,109	\$ -	\$ 8,002,849	\$ (36,721)	\$ 7,966,128
Penalty and interest	-	74,837	-	74,837	-	74,837
Investment income	478,470	99,837	13,926	592,233	-	592,233
Other income	614,556			614,556		614,556
Total Revenues	4,337,766	4,932,783	13,926	9,284,475	(36,721)	9,247,754
Expenditures/Expenses						
Service operations						
Regional water fee	23,686	-	-	23,686	_	23,686
Professional fees	192,019	18,429	-	210,448	3,984	214,432
Contracted services	97,065	138,662	-	235,727	138	235,865
Utilities	47,655	-	-	47,655	-	47,655
Repairs and maintenance	2,171,106	-	-	2,171,106	3,230	2,174,336
Tap connections	6,901	=	-	6,901	-	6,901
Other expenditures	83,091	33,069	51	116,211	-	116,211
Capital outlay	144,376	-	4,122	148,498	(148,498)	-
Depreciation	=	-	-	-	797,468	797,468
Debt service						
Principal retirement	-	3,170,000	-	3,170,000	(3,170,000)	-
Interest and fees	-	2,327,780	-	2,327,780	91,569	2,419,349
Debt issuance costs	27,500			27,500		27,500
Total Expenditures/Expenses	2,793,399	5,687,940	4,173	8,485,512	(2,422,109)	6,063,403
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	1,544,367	(755,157)	9,753	798,963	2,385,388	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Interfund transfers in (out)	(700,000)	700,000				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	844,367	(55,157)	9,753	798,963	(798,963)	
Change in Net Position					3,184,351	3,184,351
Fund Balances/Net Position	0.962.042	2 076 400	270 650	14 049 060		(6.290.0F4)
Beginning of year	9,862,913	3,876,400	279,656	14,018,969		(6,280,051)
End of year	\$ 10,707,280	\$ 3,821,243	\$ 289,409	\$ 14,817,932	\$ -	\$ (3,095,700)

## Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 (District) was created by an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (Commission), effective February 21, 2005, in accordance with Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution and the Texas Water Code, Chapter 51. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 51 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own, and operate drainage facilities and recreational facilities and to provide such facilities to the landowners of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

## Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities that engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District, which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services, and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest-related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

## Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2025

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

#### Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally, or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services, and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

#### **Pension Costs**

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

#### **Property Taxes**

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes and penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

## Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2025

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2025 include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2024 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended May 31, 2025, the 2024 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Within Harris County, the county government assumes the maintenance and other incidents of ownership of most drainage facilities constructed by the District Accordingly, these assets are not recorded in the financial statements of the District.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Recreational facilities 10–40 years

## **Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings**

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

#### **Debt Issuance Costs**

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/ expenditure in the period incurred.

## Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Net Position/Fund Balances

Change in fund balances.

expenditures in the current period.

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

#### Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 72,372,329
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	138,337
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	1,150,219
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(563,389)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(91,011,128)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ (17,913,632)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances because:

\$

798.963

(656, 322)

## Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2025

Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.	\$ 3,170,000
Revenues collected in the current year, which have previously been reported in the statement of activities, are reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	(36,721)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(91,569)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 3,184,351

## Note 2. Deposits, Investments, and Investment Income

## **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At May 31, 2025, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies, and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts, and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas CLASS, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. A Board of Trustees, elected by the participants, has oversight of Texas CLASS. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. Texas CLASS attempts to minimize its exposure to market and credit risk through the use of various strategies and credit monitoring techniques and limits its investments in any issuer to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Texas CLASS are reported at net asset value.

At May 31, 2025, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Maturities in Years								
		Less Than								
Туре	Fair Value	1	1–5	6–10	10					
Texas CLASS	\$ 9,582,954	\$ 9,582,954	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>					

**Interest Rate Risk.** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years, and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

**Credit Risk.** Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At May 31, 2025, the District's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

## Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the balance sheet at May 31, 2025 as follows:

	A 5 503 000
Deposits	\$ 5,597,303
Investments	9,582,954
Total	\$ 15,180,257
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
included in the following statement of het position capitons.	
	\$ 1.036.385
Cash Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,036,385 4,560,918
Cash	

#### Investment Income

Investment income of \$592,233 for the year ended May 31, 2025 consisted of interest income.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurement as of May 31, 2025:

• Pooled investments of \$9,582,954 are valued at fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

# Note 3. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended May 31, 2025 is presented below:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions	Balances, End of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land and improvements	\$ 64,470,159	\$ -	\$ 64,470,159
Capital assets, depreciable: Parks and recreation	15,430,843	141,146	15,571,989
Less accumulated depreciation: Parks and recreation	(6,872,351)	(797,468)	(7,669,819)
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 73,028,651	\$ (656,322)	\$ 72,372,329

# Note 4. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended May 31, 2025 were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning es of Year Decre		Balances, End Decreases of Year		Amounts Due in One Year			
Bonds payable								
General obligation bonds	\$	70,970,000	\$	3,170,000	\$	67,800,000	\$	3,220,000
Less discounts on bonds		1,042,193		34,278		1,007,915		-
Add premiums on bonds		198,777		13,233		185,544		
		70,126,584		3,148,955		66,977,629		3,220,000
Developer advances		1,590,566		-		1,590,566		-
Due to developer		22,442,933				22,442,933		
Total governmental activities long-term								
liabilities	\$	94,160,083	\$	3,148,955	\$	91,011,128	\$	3,220,000

# **General Obligation Bonds**

	Series 2014	Refunding Series 2015
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025	\$3,780,000	\$4,120,000
Interest rates	3.00% to 4.00%	3.000% to 3.125%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2025/2038	September 1, 2025/2034
Interest payment dates	September 1/March 1	September 1/March 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2022	September 1, 2022
	Series 2015A	Refunding Series 2016
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025	\$3,650,000	\$5,715,000
Interest rates	3.00% to 4.00%	2.25% to 3.25%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2025/2040	September 1, 2025/2034
Interest payment dates	September 1/March 1	September 1/March 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2023	September 1, 2023
	Series 2016A	Series 2017
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025	Series 2016A \$3,400,000	Series 2017 \$5,650,000
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025 Interest rates		
• •	\$3,400,000	\$5,650,000
Interest rates  Maturity dates, serially	\$3,400,000 2.125% to 3.125% September 1,	\$5,650,000 3.00% to 3.25% September 1,
Interest rates  Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	\$3,400,000 2.125% to 3.125% September 1, 2025/2040	\$5,650,000 3.00% to 3.25% September 1, 2025/2042
Interest rates  Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending  Interest payment dates	\$3,400,000 2.125% to 3.125% September 1, 2025/2040 September 1/March 1	\$5,650,000 3.00% to 3.25% September 1, 2025/2042 September 1/March 1
Interest rates  Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending  Interest payment dates	\$3,400,000 2.125% to 3.125% September 1, 2025/2040 September 1/March 1 September 1, 2023	\$5,650,000 3.00% to 3.25% September 1, 2025/2042 September 1/March 1 September 1, 2024 Refunding
Interest rates  Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending Interest payment dates  Callable dates*	\$3,400,000 2.125% to 3.125% September 1, 2025/2040 September 1/March 1 September 1, 2023 Series 2017A	\$5,650,000 3.00% to 3.25% September 1, 2025/2042 September 1/March 1 September 1, 2024 Refunding Series 2017B
Interest rates  Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending Interest payment dates  Callable dates*  Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025	\$3,400,000 2.125% to 3.125% September 1, 2025/2040 September 1/March 1 September 1, 2023  Series 2017A \$3,550,000	\$5,650,000 3.00% to 3.25% September 1, 2025/2042 September 1/March 1 September 1, 2024 Refunding Series 2017B \$3,590,000
Interest rates  Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending Interest payment dates  Callable dates*  Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025 Interest rates  Maturity dates, serially	\$3,400,000 2.125% to 3.125% September 1, 2025/2040 September 1/March 1 September 1, 2023  Series 2017A \$3,550,000 2.125% to 3.375% September 1,	\$5,650,000 3.00% to 3.25% September 1, 2025/2042 September 1/March 1 September 1, 2024 Refunding Series 2017B \$3,590,000 3.00% to 3.25% September 1,

<sup>\*</sup>Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

	Series 2018	Series 2018A
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025	\$7,175,000	\$1,190,000
Interest rates	3.00% to 4.00%	3.75% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	March 1, 2026/2045	March 1, 2036/2038
Interest payment dates	September 1/March 1	September 1/March 1
Callable dates*	March 1, 2024	March 1, 2024
	Series 2019	Refunding Series 2021
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025	\$3,620,000	\$955,000
Interest rates	2.25% to 3.00%	2.00% to 3.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	March 1, 2032/2045	September 1, 2025/2037
Interest payment dates	September 1/March 1	September 1/March 1
Callable dates*	March 1, 2025	September 1, 2028
	Refunding Series 2021A	Series 2021B
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025	\$2,985,000	\$4,860,000
Interest rates	1.00% to 4.00%	2.00% to 3.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2025/2037	March 1, 2026/2043
Interest payment dates	September 1/March 1	September 1/March 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2028	March 1, 2026
	Series 2021C	Series 2023
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2025	\$2,760,000	\$10,800,000
Interest rates	2.550% to 2.625%	4.25% to 6.75%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	March 1, 2044/2050	March 1, 2026/2053
Interest payment dates	September 1/March 1	September 1/March 1
Callable dates*	March 1, 2026	March 1, 2028
Canabio datos	,	

<sup>\*</sup>Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

### Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at May 31, 2025:

<u>Year</u>	Principal		Interest		Principal		Total
2026	\$	3,220,000	\$	2,219,539	\$ 5,439,539		
2027		3,255,000		2,117,393	5,372,393		
2028		3,345,000		2,017,386	5,362,386		
2029		3,395,000		1,912,618	5,307,618		
2030		3,450,000		1,809,783	5,259,783		
2031–2035		18,680,000		7,441,900	26,121,900		
2036–2040		15,195,000		4,728,810	19,923,810		
2041–2045		10,710,000		2,446,952	13,156,952		
2046–2050		4,675,000		1,038,096	5,713,096		
2051–2053		1,875,000		190,000	 2,065,000		
Total	\$	67,800,000	\$	25,922,477	\$ 93,722,477		

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	
Drainage facilities	\$ 256,600,000
Recreational facilities	204,300,000
Bonds sold	
Drainage facilities	63,300,000
Recreational facilities	28,970,000
Refunding bonds voted	460,900,000
Refunding bonds authorization used	1,740,000

The developer of the District has constructed drainage and recreational facilities on behalf of the District. The District is maintaining these facilities and has agreed to reimburse the developer for construction costs and interest to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bonds sales. The District's engineer estimates reimbursable costs for completed projects are \$22,442,933. These amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities.

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$1,590,566 to the District for operations (net of repayments). The District has agreed to pay these amounts, plus interest, to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bonds sales.

## Note 5. Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended May 31, 2025, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.2080 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$4,771,680 on

the taxable valuation of \$2,294,082,286 for the 2024 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$5,462,430, of which \$1,815,653 has been paid and \$3,646,777 is due September 1, 2025.

#### Note 6. Maintenance Taxes

At an election held May 7, 2005, voters authorized a general operations and maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended May 31, 2025, the District levied an ad valorem general operations and maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.1420 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$3,257,589 on the taxable valuation of \$2,294,082,286 for the 2024 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

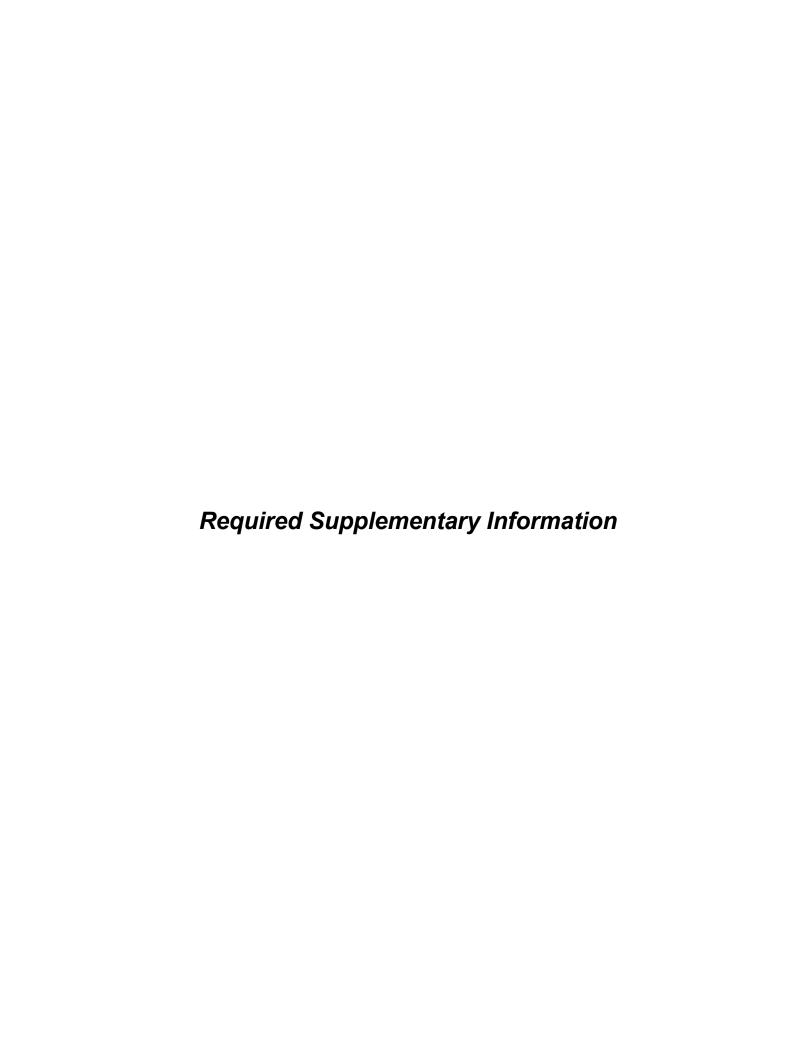
At an election held May 7, 2005, voters authorized a recreational facilities maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.10 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended May 31, 2025, the District did not levy an ad valorem recreational facilities maintenance tax rate.

## Note 7. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts in the past three years.

## Note 8. Contingencies

Developers of the District are constructing drainage and recreational facilities within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developers for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds of future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission. The District's engineer has stated that current construction contract amounts are approximately \$12,200,000. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.



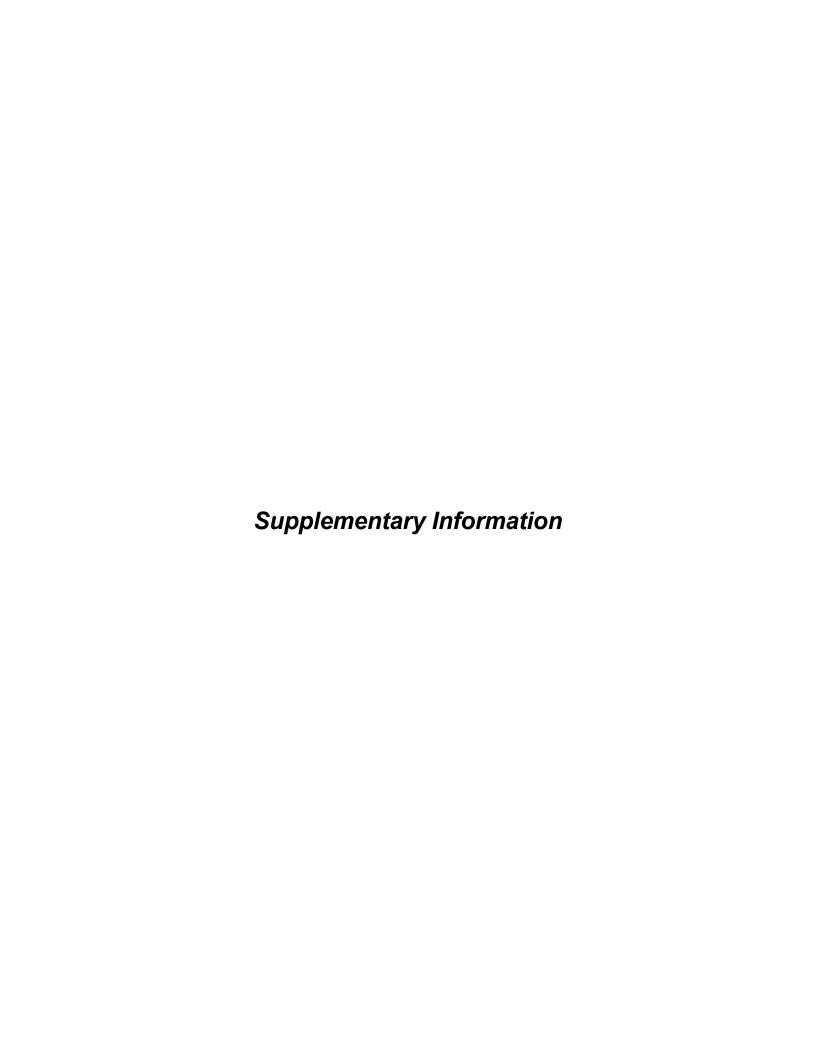
	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
Revenues Property taxes Investment income Other income	\$ 2,983,671 434,114 728,886	\$ 3,013,112 398,364 728,886	\$ 3,244,740 478,470 614,556	\$	231,628 80,106 (114,330)
Total Revenues	4,146,671	 4,140,362	4,337,766		197,404
Expenditures  Service operations  Regional water fee Professional fees Contracted services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Tap connections Other expenditures Capital outlay Debt service, debt issuance costs	209,000 177,350 97,500 62,000 1,935,300 30,000 70,960 8,000	209,000 177,350 97,500 62,000 1,935,300 30,000 70,960 8,000	23,686 192,019 97,065 47,655 2,171,106 6,901 83,091 144,376 27,500		185,314 (14,669) 435 14,345 (235,806) 23,099 (12,131) (136,376) (27,500)
Total Expenditures	 2,590,110	 2,590,110	 2,793,399		(203,289)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,556,561	1,550,252	1,544,367		(5,885)
Other Financing Uses Interfund transfers out	 -	 (700,000)	 (700,000)		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,556,561	850,252	844,367		(5,885)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	9,862,913	9,862,913	9,862,913		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 11,419,474	\$ 10,713,165	\$ 10,707,280	\$	(5,885)

## Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Notes to Required Supplementary Information May 31, 2025

## **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was amended during fiscal year 2025.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Other Schedules Included Within This Report May 31, 2025

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 11–22
[X]	Schedule of Services
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedules of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund - Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel, and Consultants

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Schedule of Services Year Ended May 31, 2025

1. \$	Services provided by the District:		
-	Retail Water Retail Wastewater X Parks/Recreation	Wholesale Water Wholesale Wastewater Fire Protection	X Drainage X Irrigation Security
-	Solid Waste/Garbage Participates in joint venture, regional sy  X Other Regional amenity/detention por	•	Roads

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended May 31, 2025

			_
Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -	
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 20,800 92,320 77,799 1,100	192,019	
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		-	
Regional Water Fee		23,686	
Contracted Services  Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	61,535 - - - - - 35,530	97,065	
Utilities		47,655	
Repairs and Maintenance		2,171,106	
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	12,597 8,227 25,982 36,285	83,091	
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	141,146 3,230	144,376	
Tap Connection Expenditures		6,901	
Solid Waste Disposal		-	
Fire Fighting		-	
Parks and Recreation		-	
Other Expenditures		27,500	
Total expenditures		\$ 2,793,399	_

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	 Face Amount	lı	ccrued nterest ceivable
General Fund			 		
Certificates of Deposit					
No. 1031009398	3.85%	07/24/25	\$ 1,280,940	\$	-
No. 1031035348	3.85%	07/24/25	246,982		-
No. 1031134192	4.00%	08/07/25	246,760		-
No. 1030940551	3.90%	10/09/25	245,544		-
No. 1031009533	3.85%	07/24/25	2,305,692		-
No. 5399	5.00%	06/06/25	235,000		13,363
Texas CLASS	4.42%	Demand	4,870,195		-
Texas CLASS	4.42%	Demand	 892,420		
			 10,323,533		13,363
Debt Service Fund					
Texas CLASS	4.42%	Demand	 3,530,838		
Capital Projects Fund					
Texas CLASS	4.42%	Demand	23,362		_
Texas CLASS	4.42%	Demand	9,628		-
Texas CLASS	4.42%	Demand	69,474		-
Texas CLASS	4.42%	Demand	182,300		-
Texas CLASS	4.42%	Demand	 4,737		
			 289,501		
Total			\$ 14,143,872	\$	13,363

	Maintenance Taxes		Debt Service Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	\$	65,502 (25,436)	\$	109,556 (37,705)	
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year		40,066		71,851	
2024 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections		3,106,294 151,295		4,550,064 221,616	
Adjusted tax levy		3,257,589		4,771,680	
Total to be Accounted for		3,297,655		4,843,531	
Tax collections: Current year Prior years		(3,224,704) (20,036)		(4,723,510) (34,599)	
Receivable, End of Year	\$	52,915	\$	85,422	
Receivable, by Years  2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012	\$	32,885 7,188 3,818 2,371 2,278 1,757 536 481 480 555 454 49	\$	48,170 10,656 5,914 4,305 4,929 4,245 1,293 1,424 1,460 1,349 1,438 127 112	
Receivable, end of year	\$	52,915	\$	85,422	

## Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended May 31, 2025

(Continued)

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 544,331,648	\$ 538,803,634	\$ 422,185,313	\$ 414,752,380
Improvements	1,946,927,135	1,780,431,078	1,609,673,839	1,361,737,050
Personal property	25,094,924	23,649,209	23,655,526	14,348,813
Exemptions	(222,271,421)	(200,812,043)	(99,592,921)	(79,287,893)
Total Property Valuations	\$ 2,294,082,286	\$ 2,142,071,878	\$ 1,955,921,757	\$ 1,711,550,350
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation				
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.2080	\$ 0.2120	\$ 0.2279	\$ 0.2656
Maintenance tax rates*	0.1420	0.1430	0.1471	0.1463
Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation	\$ 0.3500	\$ 0.3550	\$ 0.3750	\$ 0.4119
Tax Levy	\$ 8,029,269	\$ 7,604,334	\$ 7,334,689	\$ 7,049,856
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	99%	99%	99%	99%

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum tax rates approved by voters: \$1.50 for general operations and \$0.10 for recreational facilities operations on May 7, 2005.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years May 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Series 2014 Principal Interest Due Due September 1, September 1 March 1			Total
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038	\$ 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000 270,000	\$	130,612 122,513 114,075 105,300 96,187 86,737 77,288 67,669 57,712 47,588 37,462 27,000 16,200	\$ 400,612 392,513 384,075 375,300 366,187 356,737 347,288 337,669 327,712 317,588 307,462 297,000 286,200
2039 Totals	\$ 270,000 3,780,000	\$	5,400 991,743	\$ 275,400 4,771,743

(Continued)

	Refunding Series 2015						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31		Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1, March 1		Total	
2026	\$	360,000	\$	119,900	\$	479,900	
2027		375,000		108,875		483,875	
2028		380,000		97,550		477,550	
2029		395,000		85,925		480,925	
2030		405,000		73,925		478,925	
2031		415,000		61,625		476,625	
2032		430,000		48,950		478,950	
2033		440,000		35,625		475,625	
2034		455,000		21,641		476,641	
2035		465,000		7,265		472,265	
Totals	_\$	4,120,000	\$	661,281	\$	4,781,281	

Due During	Series 2015A Principal Interest Due							
Fiscal Years	Due			ptember 1,				
Ending May 31	Se	September 1		March 1		Total		
2026	\$	150,000	\$	124,625	\$	274,625		
2027	Ψ	150,000	Ψ	120,125	Ψ	270,125		
2028		150,000		115,625		265,625		
2029		150,000		111,125		261,125		
2030		150,000		106,625		256,625		
2031		150,000		102,125		252,125		
2032		150,000		97,531		247,531		
2033		150,000		92,844		242,844		
2034		300,000		85,625		385,625		
2035		300,000		75,875		375,875		
2036		300,000		65,750		365,750		
2037		300,000		55,250		355,250		
2038		300,000		44,000		344,000		
2039		300,000		32,000		332,000		
2040		325,000		19,500		344,500		
2041		325,000		6,500		331,500		
Totals	\$	3,650,000	\$	1,255,125	\$	4,905,125		

	Refunding Series 2016							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1, March 1			Total		
2026	\$	600,000	\$	155,300	\$	755,300		
2027		605,000		140,988		745,988		
2028		615,000		125,354		740,354		
2029		630,000		108,619		738,619		
2030		640,000		90,356		730,356		
2031		655,000		70,931		725,931		
2032		670,000		51,056		721,056		
2033		685,000		30,303		715,303		
2034		310,000		14,756		324,756		
2035		305,000		4,956		309,956		
Totals	\$	5,715,000	\$	792,619	\$	6,507,619		

Due During	Series 2016A Principal Interest Due							
Fiscal Years	'	Due		tember 1,				
Ending May 31	Se	ptember 1	March 1		Total			
2026	\$	200,000	\$	94,813	\$	294,813		
2027	Ψ	200,000	Ψ	90,438	Ψ	290,438		
2028		200,000		85,813		285,813		
2029		200,000		80,938		280,938		
2030		200,000		75,813		275,813		
2031		200,000		70,437		270,437		
2032		200,000		64,688		264,688		
2033		200,000		58,687		258,687		
2034		225,000		52,313		277,313		
2035		225,000		45,562		270,562		
2036		225,000		38,672		263,672		
2037		225,000		31,641		256,641		
2038		225,000		24,609		249,609		
2039		225,000		17,578		242,578		
2040		225,000		10,547		235,547		
2041		225,000		3,516		228,516		
Totals	\$	3,400,000	\$	846,065	\$	4,246,065		

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due September 1		eries 2017 erest Due otember 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$ 250,000	\$	172,000	\$ 422,000
2027	250,000		164,500	414,500
2028	250,000		157,000	407,000
2029	250,000		149,500	399,500
2030	250,000		142,000	392,000
2031	250,000		134,500	384,500
2032	250,000		127,000	377,000
2033	250,000		119,500	369,500
2034	300,000		111,250	411,250
2035	300,000		102,250	402,250
2036	350,000		92,281	442,281
2037	375,000		80,953	455,953
2038	375,000		69,235	444,235
2039	375,000		57,281	432,281
2040	375,000		45,094	420,094
2041	400,000		32,500	432,500
2042	400,000		19,500	419,500
2043	 400,000		6,500	 406,500
Totals	\$ 5,650,000	\$	1,782,844	\$ 7,432,844

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due September 1		Int Se	ries 2017A erest Due otember 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$	150,000	\$	107,313	\$ 257,313
2027		150,000		104,031	254,031
2028		150,000		100,469	250,469
2029		150,000		96,344	246,344
2030		150,000		91,844	241,844
2031		150,000		87,344	237,344
2032		150,000		82,844	232,844
2033		150,000		78,344	228,344
2034		175,000		73,469	248,469
2035		175,000		68,109	243,109
2036		225,000		61,859	286,859
2037		250,000		54,282	304,282
2038		250,000		46,156	296,156
2039		250,000		38,031	288,031
2040		250,000		29,906	279,906
2041		250,000		21,781	271,781
2042		250,000		13,500	263,500
2043		275,000		4,641	 279,641
Totals	\$	3,550,000	\$	1,160,267	\$ 4,710,267

		Refunding Series 2017B							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due		Interest Due September 1, March 1			Total			
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032	\$	210,000 220,000 230,000 240,000 250,000 260,000 275,000	\$	107,075 100,625 93,875 86,825 79,475 71,825 63,800	\$	317,075 320,625 323,875 326,825 329,475 331,825 338,800			
2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038		285,000 295,000 310,000 320,000 340,000 355,000		55,400 46,700 37,431 27,588 17,063 5,768		340,400 341,700 347,431 347,588 357,063 360,768			
Totals	\$	3,590,000	\$	793,450	\$	4,383,450			

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	F	Inte Sept	rest Due rember 1, arch 1	Total	
2026 2027 2028	\$	275,000 275,000 315,000	\$	267,369 256,369 248,118	\$ 542,369 531,369 563,118
2029 2030		325,000 325,000		238,275 227,713	563,275 552,713
2031 2032 2033		350,000 350,000 375,000		217,150 204,900 192,650	567,150 554,900
2033 2034 2035		375,000 375,000 400,000		179,525 166,400	567,650 554,525 566,400
2036 2037		, - -		152,400 152,400	152,400 152,400
2038 2039 2040		470,000 490,000		152,400 152,400 133,600	152,400 622,400 623,600
2041 2042		515,000 535,000		114,000 93,400	629,000 628,400
2043 2044 2045		575,000 600,000 625,000		72,000 49,000 25,000	647,000 649,000 650,000
Totals	\$	7,175,000	\$	3,295,069	\$ 10,470,069

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due March 1			Total		
2026	\$ -	\$	46,838	\$	46,838	
2027	-		46,837		46,837	
2028	-		46,838		46,838	
2029	-		46,837		46,837	
2030	-		46,838		46,838	
2031	-		46,837		46,837	
2032	-		46,838		46,838	
2033	-		46,837		46,837	
2034	-		46,838		46,838	
2035	-		46,837		46,837	
2036	305,000		46,838		351,838	
2037	435,000		35,400		470,400	
2038	 450,000		18,000		468,000	
Totals	\$ 1,190,000	\$	568,613	\$	1,758,613	

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due March 1			eries 2019 erest Due otember 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$	-	\$	98,600	\$ 98,600
2027		_		98,600	98,600
2028		_		98,600	98,600
2029		-		98,600	98,600
2030		-		98,600	98,600
2031		-		98,600	98,600
2032		200,000		98,600	298,600
2033		200,000		94,100	294,100
2034		225,000		89,600	314,600
2035		225,000		84,537	309,537
2036		225,000		79,194	304,194
2037		250,000		73,850	323,850
2038		250,000		67,288	317,288
2039		250,000		60,725	310,725
2040		275,000		53,850	328,850
2041		275,000		45,600	320,600
2042		300,000		37,350	337,350
2043		300,000		28,350	328,350
2044		320,000		19,350	339,350
2045		325,000		9,750	334,750
Totals	\$	3,620,000	\$	1,433,744	\$ 5,053,744

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	rincipal Due otember 1	Inte Sep	ng Series 202 erest Due tember 1, larch 1	:1	Total
2026	\$ 55,000	\$	20,675	\$	75,675
2027	60,000		18,950		78,950
2028	60,000		17,150		77,150
2029	65,000		15,275		80,275
2030	70,000		13,600		83,600
2031	70,000		12,200		82,200
2032	70,000		10,800		80,800
2033	75,000		9,350		84,350
2034	80,000		7,800		87,800
2035	85,000		6,150		91,150
2036	85,000		4,450		89,450
2037	90,000		2,700		92,700
2038	 90,000		900		90,900
Totals	\$ 955,000	\$	140,000	\$	1,095,000

	Refunding Series 2021A							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31		Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1, March 1		Total		
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035	\$	275,000 275,000 275,000 270,000 265,000 255,000 245,000 240,000 180,000	\$	62,288 52,662 43,038 34,862 29,488 26,569 23,137 19,500 15,900 12,350	\$	337,288 327,662 318,038 304,862 294,488 281,569 268,137 259,500 195,900 187,350		
2036 2037 2038 Totals	<del></del>	215,000 160,000 155,000 2,985,000	<del></del> \$	8,450 4,700 1,550 334,494	\$	223,450 164,700 156,550 3,319,494		

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due March 1		Int Se	ries 2021B erest Due ptember 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$	225,000	\$	106,732	\$ 331,732
2027		225,000		99,981	324,981
2028		225,000		95,481	320,481
2029		225,000		90,981	315,981
2030		225,000		86,482	311,482
2031		250,000		81,981	331,981
2032		250,000		76,981	326,981
2033		250,000		71,981	321,981
2034		250,000		66,982	316,982
2035		275,000		61,981	336,981
2036		275,000		56,481	331,481
2037		275,000		50,981	325,981
2038		300,000		45,482	345,482
2039		305,000		39,106	344,106
2040		325,000		32,625	357,625
2041		325,000		24,500	349,500
2042		325,000		16,375	341,375
2043		330,000		8,250	 338,250
Totals	\$	4,860,000	\$	1,113,363	\$ 5,973,363

Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due March 1	Series 2021C Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total		
2026	\$ -	\$ 71,618	\$ 71,618		
2027	· <u>-</u>	71,618	71,618		
2028	-	71,618	71,618		
2029	-	71,618	71,618		
2030	-	71,618	71,618		
2031	-	71,618	71,618		
2032	-	71,618	71,618		
2033	-	71,618	71,618		
2034	-	71,618	71,618		
2035	-	71,618	71,618		
2036	-	71,618	71,618		
2037	-	71,618	71,618		
2038	-	71,618	71,618		
2039	-	71,618	71,618		
2040	-	71,618	71,618		
2041	-	71,618	71,618		
2042	-	71,618	71,618		
2043	-	71,618	71,618		
2044	310,000	71,618	381,618		
2045	400,000	63,712	463,712		
2046	400,000	53,512	453,512		
2047	400,000	43,312	443,312		
2048	400,000	32,812	432,812		
2049	425,000	22,312	447,312		
2050	425,000	11,148	436,148		
Totals	\$ 2,760,000	\$ 1,587,550	\$ 4,347,550		

		Series 2023				
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31		Principal Due March 1		erest Due otember 1, March 1		Total
2026	\$	200,000	\$	533,781	\$	733,781
2027	Ψ	200,000	Ψ	520,281	Ψ	720,281
2028		225,000		506,782		731,782
2029		225,000		491,594		716,594
2030		250,000		479,219		729,219
2031		250,000		468,594		718,594
2032		275,000		457,969		732,969
2033		275,000		446,281		721,281
2034		275,000		434,594		709,594
2035		300,000		422,906		722,906
2036		300,000		409,406		709,406
2037		325,000		395,156		720,156
2038		350,000		379,719		729,719
2039		350,000		363,094		713,094
2040		375,000		346,469		721,469
2041		400,000		328,656		728,656
2042		400,000		309,656		709,656
2043		425,000		290,156		715,156
2044		450,000		269,437		719,437
2045		450,000		247,500		697,500
2046		475,000		225,000		700,000
2047		500,000		201,250		701,250
2048		525,000		176,250		701,250
2049		550,000		150,000		700,000
2050		575,000		122,500		697,500
2051		600,000		93,750		693,750
2052		625,000		63,750		688,750
2053		650,000		32,500		682,500
Totals	\$	10,800,000	\$	9,166,250	\$	19,966,250

	Annual	Series		
Due During	Total	Total	Total	
Fiscal Years	Principal	Interest	Principal and	
Ending May 31	Due	Due	Interest Due	
2026	\$ 3,220,000	\$ 2,219,539	\$ 5,439,539	
2027	3,255,000	2,117,393	5,372,393	
2028	3,345,000	2,017,386	5,362,386	
2029	3,395,000	1,912,618	5,307,618	
2030	3,450,000	1,809,783	5,259,783	
2031	3,525,000	1,709,073	5,234,073	
2032	3,785,000	1,604,000	5,389,000	
2033	3,845,000	1,490,689	5,335,689	
2034	3,715,000	1,376,323	5,091,323	
2035	3,810,000	1,261,815	5,071,815	
2036	3,095,000	1,152,449	4,247,449	
2037	3,295,000	1,052,994	4,347,994	
2038	3,370,000	942,925	4,312,925	
2039	2,795,000	837,233	3,632,233	
2040	2,640,000	743,209	3,383,209	
2041	2,715,000	648,671	3,363,671	
2042	2,210,000	561,399	2,771,399	
2043	2,305,000	481,515	2,786,515	
2044	1,680,000	409,405	2,089,405	
2045	1,800,000	345,962	2,145,962	
2046	875,000	278,512	1,153,512	
2047	900,000	244,562	1,144,562	
2048	925,000	209,062	1,134,062	
2049	975,000	172,312	1,147,312	
2050	1,000,000	133,648	1,133,648	
2051	600,000	93,750	693,750	
2052	625,000	63,750	688,750	
2053	650,000	32,500	682,500	
Totals	\$ 67,800,000	\$ 25,922,477	\$ 93,722,477	

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt Year Ended May 31, 2025

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:

					Bond	
	Series 2014	Refunding Series 2015	Series 2015A	Refunding Series 2016	Series 2016A	
Interest rates	3.00% to 4.00%	3.000% to 3.125%	3.00% to 4.00%	2.25% to 3.25%	2.125% to 3.125%	
Dates interest payable	September 1/ September 1/ March 1 March 1		September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	
Maturity dates	September 1, 2025/2038	September 1, 2025/2034	September 1, 2025/2040	September 1, 2025/2034	September 1, 2025/2040	
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$ 4,050,000	\$ 4,470,000	\$ 3,800,000	\$ 6,310,000	\$ 3,600,000	
Retirements, principal	270,000	350,000	150,000	595,000	200,000	
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$ 3,780,000	\$ 4,120,000	\$ 3,650,000	\$ 5,715,000	\$ 3,400,000	
Interest paid during current year	\$ 138,713	\$ 130,550	\$ 129,125	\$ 168,000	\$ 98,938	
Paying agent's name and address:						
The Bank of New	York Mellon Trust C	ompany, N.A., Houst ompany, N.A., Houst ompany, N.A., Houst ompany, N.A., Houst	on, Texas			
Bond authority:			Tax Bonds	Recreational Bonds	Refunding Bonds	
Amount authorized by voters Amount issued Remaining to be issued  Debt service fund cash and temporary in	nvestment balances a	as of May 31, 2025:	\$ 256,600,000 \$ 63,300,000 \$ 193,300,000	\$ 204,300,000 \$ 28,970,000 \$ 175,330,000	\$ 460,900,000 \$ 1,740,000 \$ 459,160,000 \$ 3,902,791	

\$ 3,347,231

ssues	3												
s	eries 2017	Se	eries 2017A		Refunding eries 2017B	s	eries 2018	Se	eries 2018A	s	eries 2019		Refunding eries 2021
	3.00% to 3.25%	:	2.125% to 3.375%		3.00% to 3.25%		3.00% to 4.00%		3.75% to 4.00%		2.25% to 3.00%		2.00% to 3.00%
Se	eptember 1/ March 1	Se	eptember 1/ March 1	Se	eptember 1/ March 1	Se	eptember 1/ March 1	Se	eptember 1/ March 1	Se	eptember 1/ March 1	Se	eptember 1/ March 1
	eptember 1, 2025/2042		eptember 1, 2025/2042		eptember 1, 2025/2037		March 1, 2026/2045		March 1, 2036/2038	2	March 1, 2032/2045		eptember 1, 2025/2037
\$	5,900,000	\$	3,700,000	\$	3,790,000	\$	7,425,000	\$	1,190,000	\$	3,620,000	\$	1,010,000
	250,000		150,000		200,000		250,000		-				55,000
\$	5,650,000	\$	3,550,000	\$	3,590,000	\$	7,175,000	\$	1,190,000	\$	3,620,000	\$	955,000
\$	178,250	\$	111,156	\$	112,725	\$	274,869	\$	46,837	\$	98,600	\$	22,325

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt Year Ended May 31, 2025

					В	ond Issues			
		Refunding eries 2021A	Se	eries 2021B	Se	eries 2021C		Series 2023	 Totals
Interest rates		1.00% to 4.00%		2.00% to 3.00%	2	2.550% to 2.625%		4.25% to 6.75%	
Dates interest payable	Se	eptember 1/ March 1	Se	eptember 1/ March 1	Se	eptember 1/ March 1	S	eptember 1/ March 1	
Maturity dates		eptember 1, 2025/2037		March 1, 2026/2043		March 1, 2044/2050		March 1, 2026/2053	
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	3,260,000	\$	5,085,000	\$	2,760,000	\$	11,000,000	\$ 70,970,000
Retirements, principal		275,000		225,000				200,000	 3,170,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	2,985,000	\$	4,860,000	\$	2,760,000	\$	10,800,000	\$ 67,800,000
Interest paid during current year	\$	70,537	\$	113,481	\$	71,618	\$	547,281	 2,313,005
Paying agent's name and address:									 

Series 2021A - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston,	Texas
Series 2021B - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston,	Texas
Series 2021C - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston,	Texas
Series 2023 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston,	Texas

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended May 31,

			Amounts		
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
General Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 3,244,740	\$ 3,023,695	\$ 2,856,982	\$ 2,499,583	\$ 2,150,228
Penalty and interest	-	23	6,751	939	-
Investment income	478,470	456,383	249,010	15,186	21,140
Other income	614,556	1,107,608	319,269	776,630	1,382,069
Total Revenues	4,337,766	4,587,709	3,432,012	3,292,338	3,553,437
Expenditures					
Service operations					
Regional water fee	23,686	169,967	69,332	16,568	12,933
Professional fees	192,019	199,441	151,758	152,076	136,874
Contracted services	97,065	96,389	82,571	50,875	38,576
Utilities	47,655	55,787	50,010	60,916	82,776
Repairs and maintenance	2,171,106	1,958,146	1,743,562	1,570,078	1,532,728
Other expenditures	83,091	71,467	66,704	98,298	85,433
Tap connections	6,901	-	29,856	-	-
Capital outlay	144,376	118,928	66,374	78,345	41,245
Debt service, debt issuance costs	27,500	7,483			
Total Expenditures	2,793,399	2,677,608	2,260,167	2,027,156	1,930,565
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,544,367	1,910,101	1,171,845	1,265,182	1,622,872
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Interfund transfers out	(700,000)	(89,870)	-	-	-
Insurance reimbursement					36,013
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(700,000)	(89,870)			36,013
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other					
Other Financing Uses	844,367	1,820,231	1,171,845	1,265,182	1,658,885
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	9,862,913	8,042,682	6,870,837	5,605,655	3,946,770
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 10,707,280	\$ 9,862,913	\$ 8,042,682	\$ 6,870,837	\$ 5,605,655
Total Active Retail Water Connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
74.8 %	65.9 %	83.2 %	75.9 %	60.5
-	0.0	0.2	0.0	-
11.0	10.0	7.3	0.5	0.6
14.2	24.1	9.3	23.6	38.9
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.6	3.7	2.0	0.5	0.4
4.4	4.3	4.4	4.6	3.8
2.2	2.1	2.4	1.5	1.1
1.1	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.3
50.1	42.7	50.8	47.7	43.1
1.9	1.6	1.9	3.0	2.4
0.2	-	0.9	-	-
3.3	2.6	1.9	2.4	1.2
0.6	0.2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
64.4	58.4	65.8	61.6	54.3
35.6 %	41.6 %	34.2 %	38.4 %	45.7

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended May 31,

			Amounts		
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Debt Service Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 4,758,109	\$ 4,482,854	\$ 4,430,301	\$ 4,542,597	\$ 4,658,759
Penalty and interest	74,837	64,738	55,697	40,169	7,530
Investment income	99,837	123,638	99,731	6,840	6,927
Total Revenues	4,932,783	4,671,230	4,585,729	4,589,606	4,673,216
Expenditures					
Current					
Professional fees	18,429	5,450	5,070	11,939	6,868
Contracted services	138,662	135,910	129,814	123,711	121,489
Other expenditures	33,069	31,821	27,531	23,684	22,105
Debt service					
Principal retirement	3,170,000	2,945,000	2,700,000	2,600,000	2,570,000
Interest and fees	2,327,780	2,010,372	1,934,499	1,827,621	1,998,305
Debt issuance costs	=	-	-	220,925	-
Debt defeasance				85,000	
Total Expenditures	5,687,940	5,128,553	4,796,914	4,892,880	4,718,767
Deficiency of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(755,157)	(457,323)	(211,185)	(303,274)	(45,551)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Interfund transfers in	700,000	250,000	-	-	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	-	4,940,000	-
Premium on debt issued	-	-	-	183,445	-
Deposit with escrow agent				(4,902,519)	
Total Other Financing Sources	700,000	250,000		220,926	
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	(55,157)	(207,323)	(211,185)	(82,348)	(45,551)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,876,400	4,083,723	4,294,908	4,377,256	4,422,807
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,821,243	\$ 3,876,400	\$ 4,083,723	\$ 4,294,908	\$ 4,377,256

2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
96.5 %	96.0 %	96.6 %	99.0 %	99.7
1.5	1.4	1.2	0.9	0.2
2.0	2.6	2.2	0.1	0.1
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1
2.8	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.6
0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5
64.3	63.1	58.9	56.6	55.0
47.2	43.0	42.2	39.8	42.8
-	-	-	4.8	-
	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	1.9	-
115.3	109.8	104.6	106.6	101.0
(15.3) %	(9.8) %	(4.6) %	(6.6) %	(1.0)

### Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended May 31, 2025

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400

Houston, TX 77056

District business telephone number: 713.623.4531

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): November 14, 2024

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year: \$\_\_\_\_\_\$

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	Fees*	Expense Reimbursements	Title at Year-End
Cameron Dickey	Elected 05/22– 05/26	\$ 2,431	\$ 217	President
Ben Judd	Elected 05/24– 05/28	3,315	365	Vice President
Chad Sillman	Elected 05/24– 05/28	2,652	357	Secretary
Keith Perry	Elected 05/24– 05/28	2,431	293	Assistant Secretary
Shane Ware	Appointed 11/24– 05/26	1,326	142	Assistant Secretary
Keith Nystrom	Elected 05/22– 06/24	442	75	Resigned

<sup>\*</sup>Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

7,200

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended May 31, 2025

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimbursements	Title
Artesian Financial Services	08/01/24	\$ 44,416	Bookkeeper
BGE, Inc.	04/14/05	105,299	Engineer
Forvis Mazars, LLP	05/10/07	21,400	Auditor
The GMS Group, L.L.C.	09/13/18	1,100	Financial Advisor
Harris Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	60,469	Appraiser
Inframark, LLC	03/08/07	598,543	Operator
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	03/03/05	24,313	Former Bookkeeper
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	02/09/06	18,429	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	03/03/05	101,604	General Counsel
Wheeler & Associates, Inc.	03/03/05	109,238	Tax Assessor/ Collector
Investment Officer			
Lisa Rickert	10/10/24	N/A	Bookkeeper

# **Forvis Mazars Internal Control Communication**

Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157

Communication Regarding Internal Control-Related Matters Identified in an Audit

# Required Communications Regarding Internal Control (AU-C 265)

#### **Consideration of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157 (District) as of and for the year ended May 31, 2025, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control).

This consideration served as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstance for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements.

However, this consideration was **not** for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

# **Categorizing Deficiencies by Severity**

#### **Deficiency**

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.



## Significant Deficiency

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



# **Material Weakness**

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material misstatements of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.



# The Board's Management Role & Responsibility for Controls

The District's management consists of an elected Board of Directors (Board). Day-to-day operations are performed by private entities (Consultants) under contract with the District. The Board supervises the performance of the Consultants; however, although Consultants can be part of the District's system of internal control, the Consultants are not members of management. Per auditing standards, management is responsible for the design and implementation of the District's system of internal controls.



#### **Identified Deficiencies**

We identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Material Weaknesses**

- Per auditing standards, one of the primary controls within the system of internal controls is related to the preparation
  of the financial statements. Management of the District is responsible for either preparing the financial statements
  or having the knowledge to determine whether the financial statements have been properly prepared and are free
  from potential misstatement. The absence of this expertise within management, or a Consultant of the District hired
  to perform this service, is considered by auditing standards to be a material weakness in internal control over
  financial reporting.
- During the course of performing an audit, it is not unusual for the auditor to prepare various journal entries to correct and present the financial statements on the government-wide basis of accounting. Additionally, we noted adjustments to various accounts, such as cash, certificates of deposit, short-term investments, accrued interest receivable, property taxes receivable, due from others, interfund receivables, payables and transfers, accounts payable, deferred property tax revenues, property tax revenues, penalty and interest revenues, investment income, other income, repairs and maintenance expenditures, other expenditures and debt issuance costs, which were necessary in order for the fund financial statements to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The inability of management, or a Consultant of the District hired to perform this service, to detect these necessary adjustments is considered by auditing standards to be a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting.
- Finally, management, or a Consultant of the District, does not prepare the capital asset and depreciation register
  or post adjustments related to the presentation of the capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.
  As management is not preparing or reviewing and does not have the expertise to prevent, detect, and correct related
  significant potential misstatements, this is considered by auditing standards to be a material weakness in internal
  control over financial reporting.

The material weaknesses noted above, if not corrected, could result in a material misstatement or omission of a required disclosure in the financial statements.

#### Management's Response

The District responds that the auditor's Management Letter, and the material weaknesses identified therein, is prepared in response to Statement on Auditing Standards No. 115 (SAS 115) and is not prompted by any other circumstances identified during the course of the audit and disclosed to the District's Board.

As you know, the Board has, since the inception of the District, engaged the auditor to perform the District's audit and to prepare the financial statements and capital asset and depreciation schedules upon which the audit is based. It is our understanding that this is the usual and customary practice for smaller special districts in Texas, as it is more cost effective to engage Consultants to perform such services than to employ persons (who would constitute district management) to perform same. It is also the Board's understanding that, under the requirements of SAS 115, the engagement of the auditor to perform these services resulted in the Management Letter because (1) the Board members are not able to prevent, detect, and correct a misstatement in the preparation of the District's financial statements or its capital asset and depreciation schedules or to make adjustments to same, and (2) the Board has not implemented controls to prevent, detect, and correct a misstatement in the preparation of the District's financial statements or capital asset and depreciation schedules, such as the hiring of an employee or the engagement of another Consultant to prepare the District's financial statements or capital asset and depreciation schedules.

With respect to items (1) and (2) identified above, the Board responds that its members are appointed or elected in accordance with the requirements set forth in the Texas Water Code and that such members do not necessarily have the ability to prevent, detect, and correct a misstatement in the preparation of the District's financial statements or its capital asset and depreciation schedules or to make adjustments to same.

Further, the Board responds that it is a small government unit and that it engages the auditor based upon the auditor's professional qualifications, and in light of such qualifications, it does not feel that the addition at this time of an employee or the engagement of a Consultant to prepare the District's financial statements and capital asset and depreciation schedules (as a form of control) would be cost effective. Additionally, the Board adds that the District does not have any employees



but rather engages Consultants who possess industry knowledge and expertise to provide financial services, including its bookkeeper, auditor, and financial advisor, as well as Consultants who provide legal, engineering, and operation and maintenance services. In particular, the District's bookkeeper presents periodic financial information (unaudited) to the Board for review, which information generally reflects income, disbursements, adjustments, and the status of investments relative to the District's various accounts.

Management's written response to the material weaknesses identified in our audit has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Distribution Restriction**

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the following and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties:

- The Board of Directors
- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality



# **Forvis Mazars Report to the Board of Directors**

Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 157
Results of the 2025 Financial Statement Audit, Including Required Communications

# Required Communications Regarding Our Audit Strategy & Approach (AU-C 260)

The following matters are required communications we must make to you, including these responsibilities:

# **Overview & Responsibilities**

Matter	Discussion
Scope of Our Audit	This report covers audit results related to your financial statements and supplementary information:
	As of and for the year ended May 31, 2025.
	<ul> <li>Conducted in accordance with our contract dated May 8, 2025.</li> </ul>
Our Responsibilities	Forvis Mazars is responsible for forming and expressing opinions about whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
Audit Scope & Inherent Limitations to Reasonable Assurance	An audit performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) is designed to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about the financial statements. The scope of our audit tests was established in relation to the opinion unit being audited and did not include a detailed audit of all transactions.
Extent of Our Communication	In addition to areas of interest and noting prior communications made during other phases of the engagement, this report includes communications required in accordance with GAAS that are relevant to the responsibilities of those charged with governance in overseeing the financial reporting process, including audit approach, results, and internal control. The standards do not require the auditor to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to be communicated with those charged with governance.
Independence	The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, and our firm have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.
Your Responsibilities	Our audit does not relieve management or those charged with governance of your responsibilities. Your responsibilities and ours are further referenced in our contract.
Distribution Restriction	This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the following and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties:
	The Board of Directors



## **Qualitative Aspects of Significant Accounting Policies & Practices**

The following matters are detailed in the following pages and included in our assessment:

#### **Significant Accounting Policies**

Significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 of the audited financial statements. We call your attention to the following topics:

- The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Unusual Policies or Methods**

No matters are reportable

#### **Alternative Accounting Treatments**

No matters are reportable

#### **Management Judgments & Accounting Estimates**

Accounting estimates are an integral part of financial statement preparation by management, based on its judgments. Significant areas of such estimates for which we are prepared to discuss management's estimation process and our procedures for testing the reasonableness of those estimates include:

Amounts due to developer

#### **Financial Statement Disclosures**

The following areas involve particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures for which we are prepared to discuss the issues involved and related judgments made in formulating those disclosures:

Contingent liability for developer construction

#### Our Judgment About the Quality of the District's Accounting Principles

No matters are reportable

#### **Adjustments Identified by Audit**

During the course of any audit, an auditor may propose adjustments to financial statement amounts. Management evaluates our proposals and records those adjustments that, in its judgment, are required to prevent the financial statements from being materially misstated.

A misstatement is a difference between the amount, classification, presentation, or disclosure of a reported financial statement item and that which is required for the item to be presented fairly in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

#### **Proposed & Recorded Adjustments**

Auditor-proposed and management-recorded entries include the following:

- Cash
- Certificates of deposit
- Short-term investments
- Property taxes receivable, deferred property tax revenues, and property tax revenues



- Accrued interest receivable
- Due from others
- Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers
- Accounts payable
- Penalty and interest revenues
- Investment income
- Repairs and maintenance expenditures
- Other income and expenditures
- Debt issuance costs
- · Capital assets and depreciation expense
- Deferred amount on debt refundings
- Accrued liabilities
- Long-term liabilities

#### **Uncorrected Misstatements**

• No uncorrected misstatements

#### **Other Material Communications**

Listed below are other material communications between management and us related to the audit:

- Management representation letter
- Communication Regarding Internal Control-Related Matters Identified in an Audit